

Correlation of classical andrological parameters with oocyte fertilization rates in ICSI treatment

A.N. Spiess, D. Zeilmann, V. Baukloh & W. Schulze

Data Aggregation

2267 patients

UKE Andrology

Spermiogram

Genetic background

Testicular Histology

Hormonal status

TESE result

833 patients

FCH

Number oocytes MII

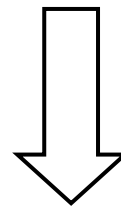
Number oocytes 2PN

Fertilization rate

Pregnancy rate

Number of ART cycles

Embryo Score

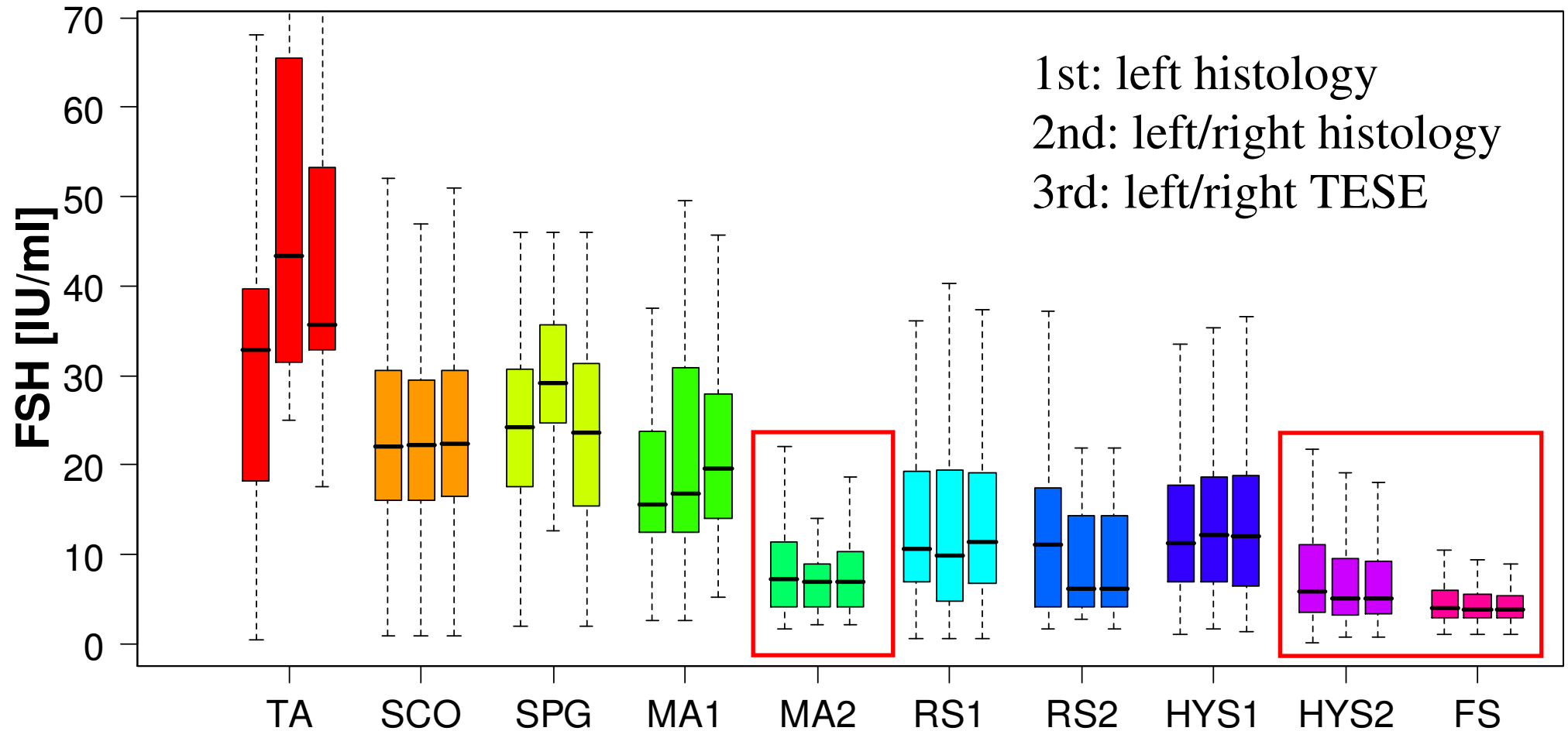


Name/Birth Date

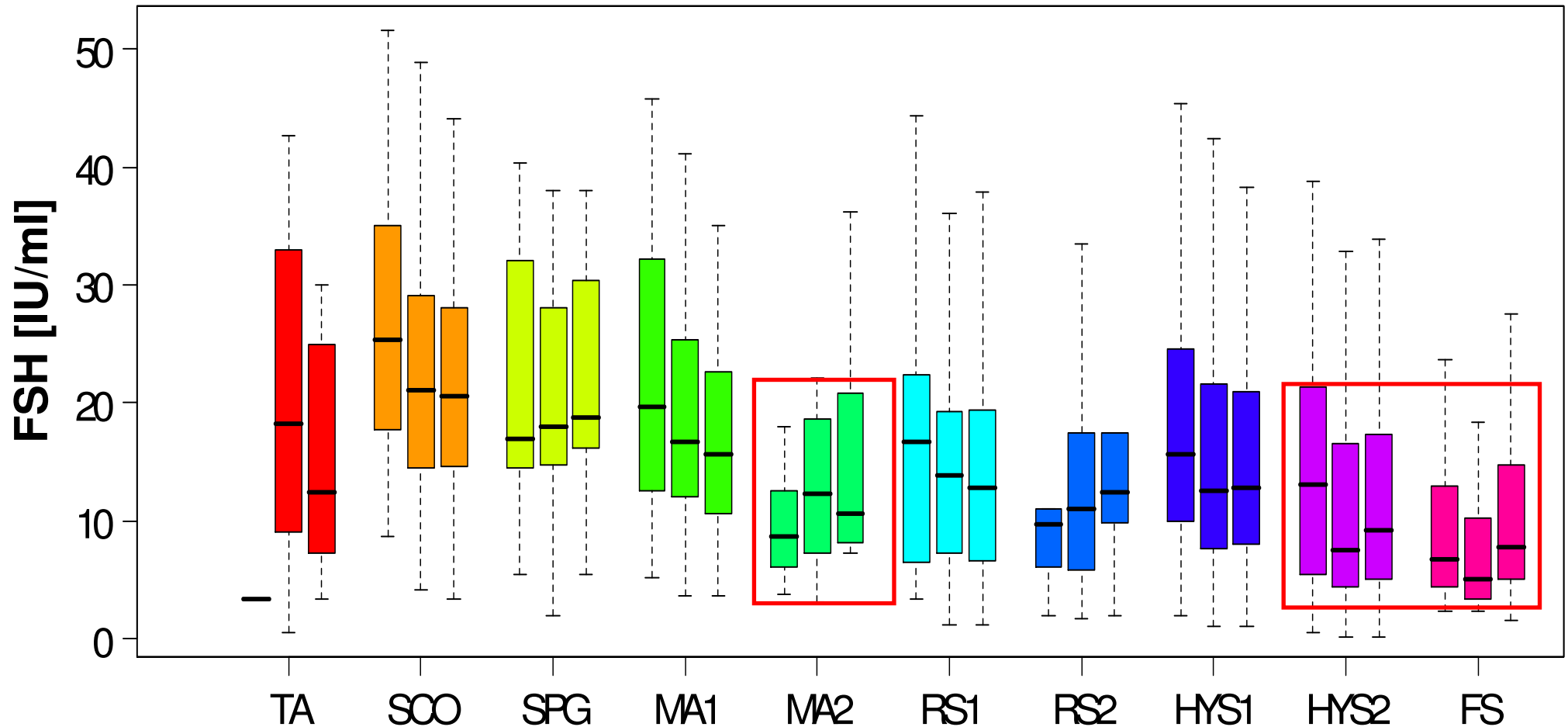
420 patients

Correlation of andrological parameters and ART outcome

FSH levels of homogeneous group ($n = 1699$)

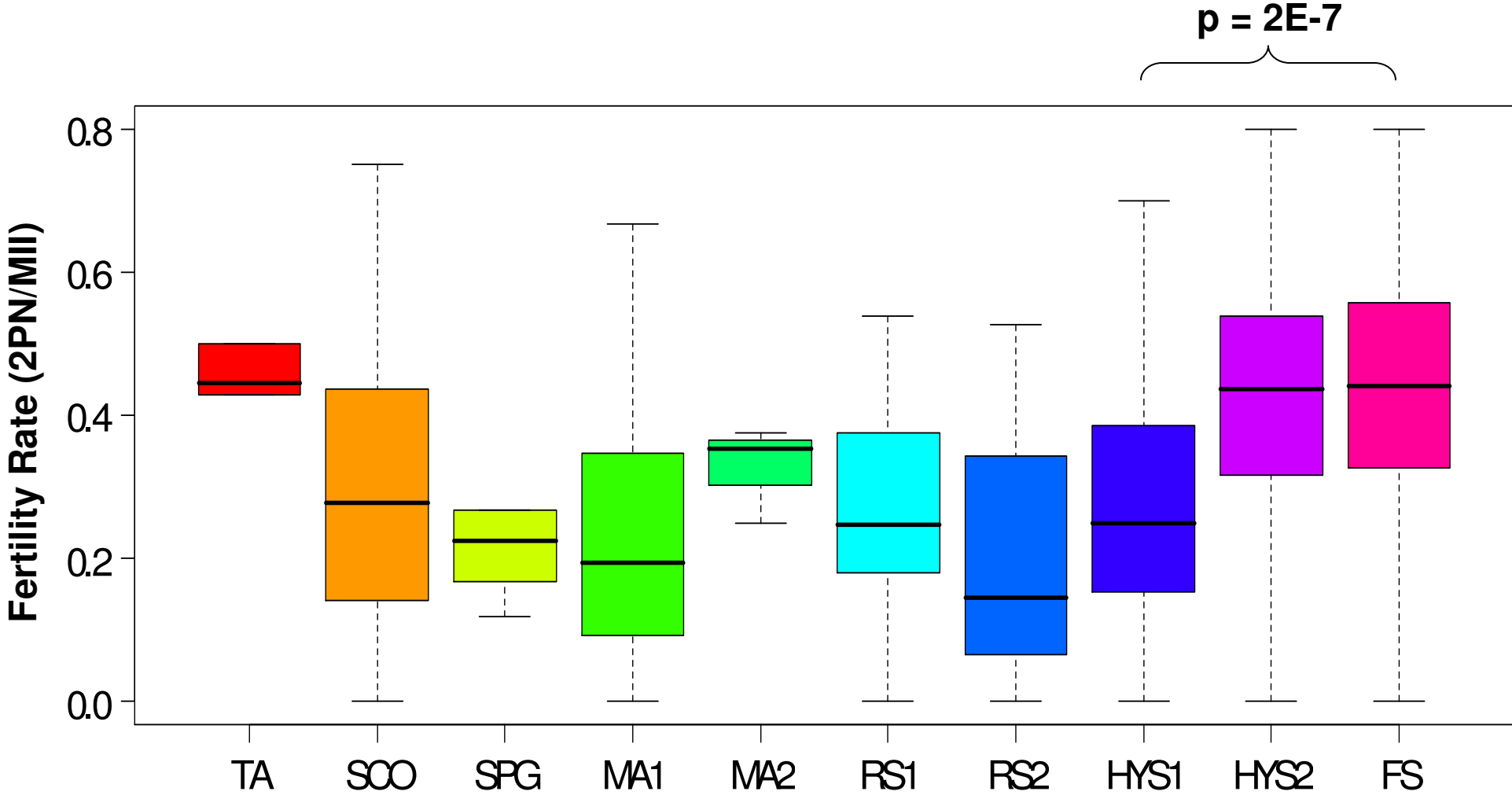


FSH levels of heterogeneous group ($n = 394$)



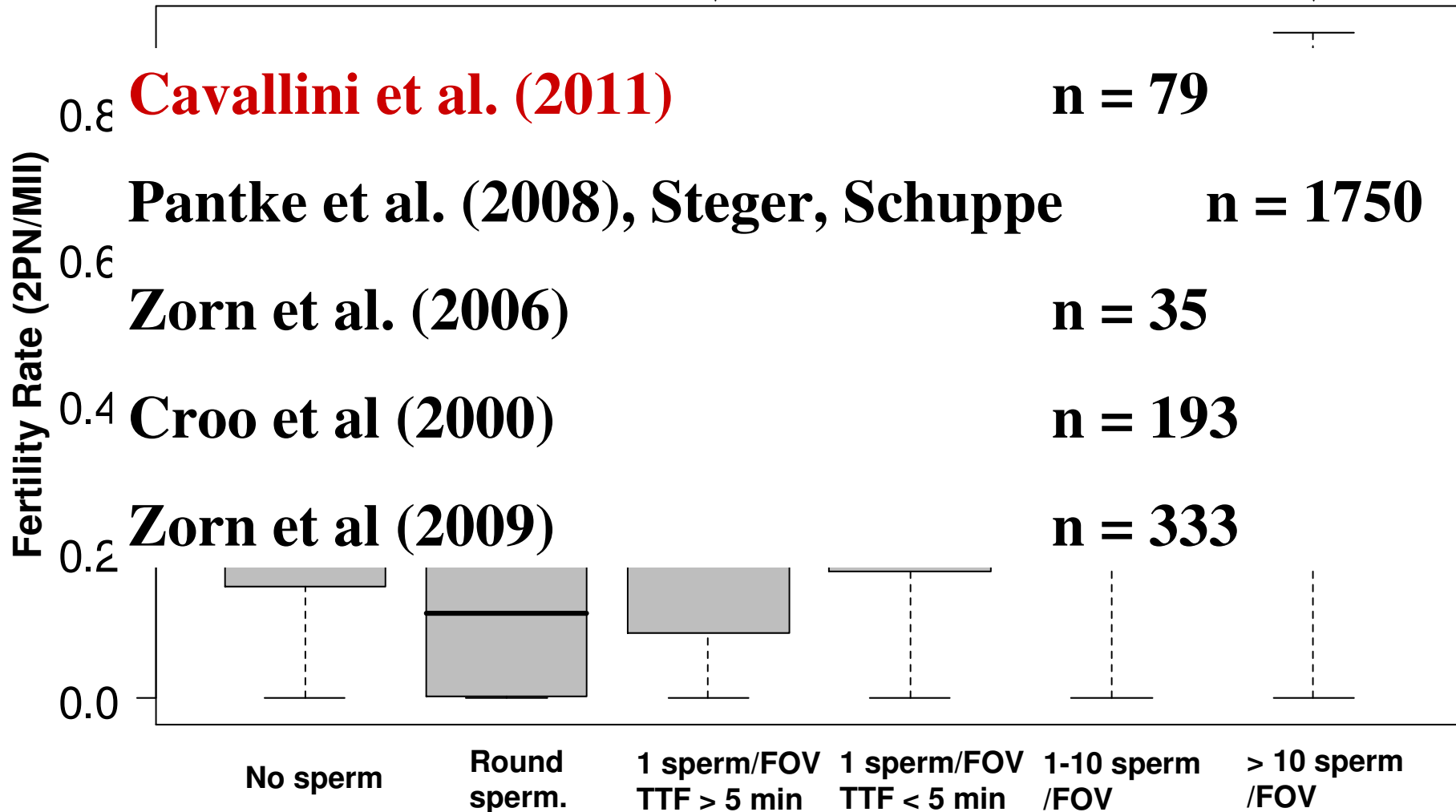
Cave: Although more elongated spermatozoa, higher FHS levels !

Histology left testis and Fertility Rate

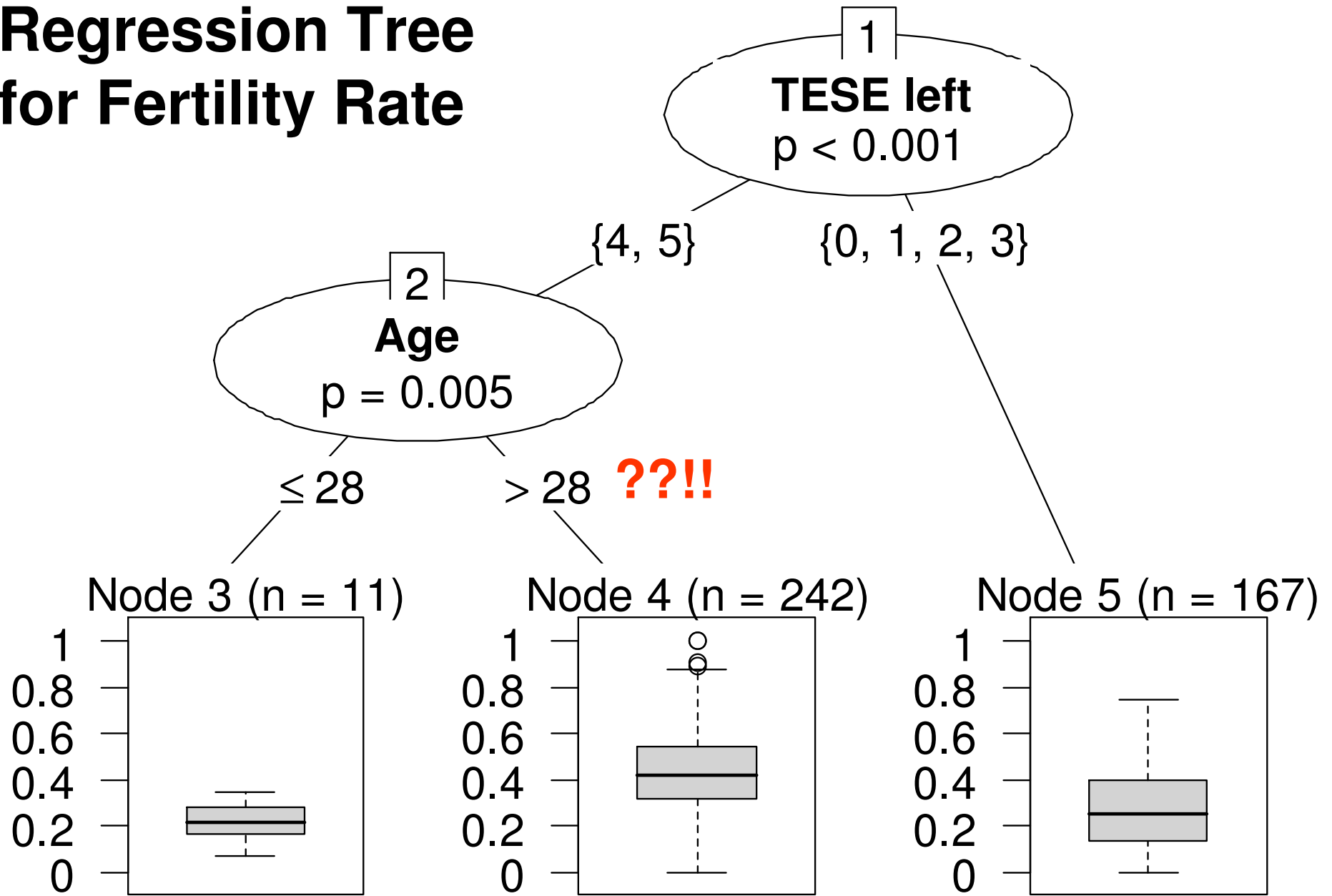


TESE left testis and Fertility Rate

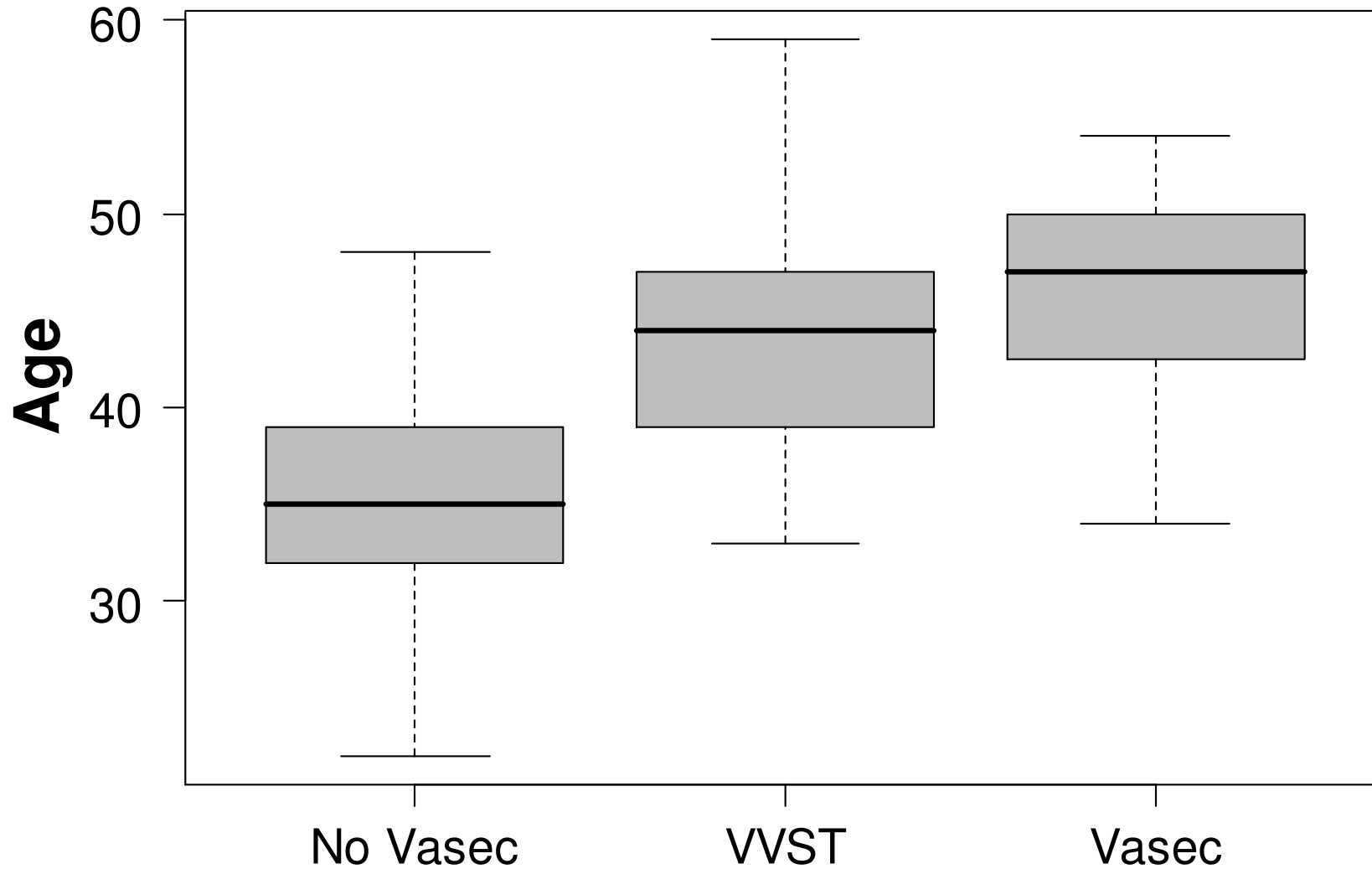
$p = 1E-16 (!!)$



Regression Tree for Fertility Rate



??!! >28 => VVST/Vasec => FS => high FR ??!!



Take home message:

Be careful with FSH levels in respect to MA-patients !

Bad testis => Low sperm counts TESE =>

Bad Sperm => ~88% Reduction Fertility Rate

Thanks !!